testbase

Week 4	Name:	
Sequences	Class:	
	Date:	

Time:	21 minutes
Marks:	20 marks
Comments:	



Ann says :

1

"I find the number of sticks for a shape by first multiplying the shape–number by 4, then adding 3".

Work out the number of sticks for the shape that has shape-number 10



1 mark

Ann uses **59 sticks** to make another **L** shape in this pattern.

What is its shape-number?



2 marks

Here is Ann's rule again:

"I find the number of sticks for a shape by first multiplying the shape–number by 4, then adding 3".

Write a formula to work out the number of sticks for any L shape.

Use S for the number of sticks and N for the shape-number.



2 marks

The rule for this sequence of numbers is ' add 3 each time'.

1 4 7 10 13 16 ...

The sequence continues in the same way.

Mary says,

2

'No matter how far you go there will never be a multiple of 3 in the sequence'.

Is she correct?

Circle Yes or No.

Yes / No

Explain how you know.



1 mark

This sequence of numbers goes up by 40 each time.

40 80 120 160 200 ...

This sequence continues.

Will the number 2140 be in the sequence?

Circle Yes or No.

Yes / No

Explain how you know.



1 mark

Debbie has a pack of cards numbered from 1 to 20

She picks four different number cards.



Exactly three of the four numbers are multiples of 5

Exactly three of the four numbers are even numbers.

All four of the numbers add up to less than 40

Write what the numbers could be.



1 mark



Here is a sequence of patterns made from squares and circles.

	number of squares	number of circles
	1	3
	2	5
000000	3	7

The sequence continues in the same way.

Calculate how many squares there will be in the pattern which has 25 circles.



6

A sequence starts at **500** and **80** is **subtracted** each time.

500 420 340 ...

The sequence continues in the same way.

Write the first two numbers in the sequence which are less than zero.





2 marks

A sequence of numbers starts at 11 and follows the rule

'double the last number and then subtract 3'

11 19 35 67 131...

The sequence continues.

The number 4099 is in the sequence.

Calculate the number which comes immediately before 4099 in the sequence.



2 marks

8

Jon makes a sequence of numbers.

His rule is to add the **same amount** each time.

Write in the missing numbers.



1 mark

7





1 mark

10

The rule to get each number in a sequence is

subtract the previous number from 100, then divide the answer by 2

Here is part of the sequence.

Write the two missing numbers.



2 marks

9

The numbers in this sequence increase by the same amount each time.

Write the missing numbers.



2 marks

Mark schemes

1

(a) Award **TWO** marks for the correct answer of 43, even if there are errors in the working.

If the answer is incorrect, award **ONE** mark for evidence of an appropriate calculation of multiplication by 4 and addition of 3, eg:

- 3 + (4 × 10)
- 4 × 10 + 3
- 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 3

OR by drawing OR other methods.

- (b) 14
- (c) Award **TWO** marks for expressions such as:
 - S = 4N + 3
 - S = 3 + 4N
 - S = N + N + N + N + 3

If the answer is incorrect, award **ONE** mark for evidence of multiplying N by 4 in the expression, eg:

- 4N
- 4 × N
- N.4
- N + N + N + N

OR award ONE mark for evidence of adding 3 in the expression, eg:

• N+3

Do not accept S = x 4 + 3 = N

Up to 2

Up to 2

1

[5]

Explanation which recognises that each number is one more than a multiple of 3, eg

2

3

- 'It starts at 1 and keeps adding 3 so it misses all the multiples of 3',
- 'Multiples of 3 are all 1 less than the numbers'.

No mark is awarded for circling 'Yes' alone.

Do not accept vague or arbitrary explanations such as

- 'They're too big';
- *'It doesn't go far enough';*
- 'It is adding 3 all the time'.

If 'No' is circled but a correct unambiguous explanation is given then award the mark.

[1]

Explanation which recognises that the numbers in the sequence are multiples of 40 and that 2140 is not **OR** that only the even hundreds in the sequence have the numbers ending in 40, eg

- 'it doesn't divide by 40';
- '140 isn't in it so 2140 won't be';
- 'it will go 2000, 2040, 2080, 2120, 2160 ... so there's no 2140'.

No mark is awarded for circling 'No' alone.

Do not accept vague or arbitrary explanations, eg

- 'It's odd, so it won't be there';
- 'It's not part of the sequence'.

 4
 2
 5
 10
 20

 OR
 4
 5
 10
 20

Accept the four numbers listed in any order.

U1

[1]

If the answer is incorrect, award **ONE** mark for evidence of appropriate working, eg 25 - 1 = 24 $24 \div 2 =$ wrong answer *Calculation must be performed for the award of ONE mark.*

Up to 2

[2]

6

–60 in first box.

Accept 'minus 60' **Do not** accept '60–'

-140 in second box

Accept 'minus 140' OR Do not accept '140–'

OR

a number 80 less than the answer given in the first box provided both numbers are less than 0 If the answers given are '60–'and '140–'respectively, award **ONE** mark only.

Up to 2

[2]

7

Award TWO marks for the correct answer of 2051

If the answer is incorrect, award **ONE** mark for evidence of appropriate method, eg

 $(4099 + 3) \div 2$

OR

continuation of sequence, eg

259, 515, 1027, wrong number

Answer need not be obtained for the award of **ONE** mark.

Up to 2

[2]



'No' is circled **AND** one of the following:

an explanation which recognises that 777 is not one more than a multiple of 7, eg:

- 'All the numbers are one more than a multiple of 7'
- 'There are no multiples of 7 in the sequence'
- '778 is in the sequence'
- '771 works but 777 doesn't'

OR

9

an explanation which recognises that 777 is a multiple of 7, eg:

- '777 is a multiple of 7'
- '777 ÷ 7 = 111'

OR

an explanation which relies solely on the start of the sequence, eg:

- 'The sequence started at 1'
- 'The sequence doesn't start at 0'.

'No' must be indicated for the award of the mark, unless a **complete** and correct explanation is given, eg:

• '777 is a multiple of 7, and the numbers in the sequence aren't'.

No mark is awarded for circling 'No' alone.

Do not accept vague or incomplete explanations, eg:

- 'It's adding 7 every time'
- 'There are no 7s in the sequence'.

10	20 33.12	25 Accept equivalent fractions or decimals	1 1 U1	[2]
11	(a)	$\frac{3}{8}$ written in the first box	1	
	(b)	Accept equivalent fractions or an exact decimal equivalent, e.g. 0.375 $2\frac{7}{8}$ OR $\frac{23}{8}$ written in the last box	1	
		Accept equivalent fractions or an exact decimal equivalent, e.g. 2.875		

[2]